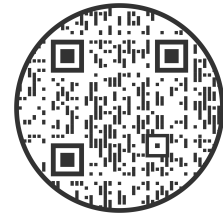




Intelligent Remedies, Inc.

www.intelligentremedies.com



Product Information

Platycodon grandiflorus (Balloon Flower Root) Native to East Asia, balloon flower root has been a foundational herb in traditional Chinese and Korean medicine for centuries, where practitioners historically prepared it to support ease of breathing and comfort in the chest and throat. Botanical literature has investigated compounds in *Platycodon grandiflorus* for their effects on mucosal secretion and airway-related pathways, and researchers have studied how saponins found in the root interact with the body's natural respiratory processes.

Panax notoginseng (Tienchi Ginseng / San Qi) Revered in traditional Chinese medicine for over a thousand years, San Qi was historically prepared by practitioners to support healthy circulation and has long held a place in classical herbal formulas addressing chest and lung discomfort. Researchers have studied compounds in *Panax notoginseng* for their effects on vascular function and the body's natural inflammatory signaling pathways, with botanical literature exploring how its active constituents interact with circulatory and respiratory tissue.

Piper longum (Long Pepper) Long pepper has been used in Ayurvedic and Unani traditions for millennia, where it was historically prepared as part of formulas intended to support respiratory ease and digestive warmth. Researchers have examined *Piper longum* for its effects on airway-related processes and bioavailability of other botanical compounds, and peer-reviewed studies have explored how its constituent piperine interacts with the body's natural inflammatory and mucosal response pathways.

Glycyrrhiza glabra (Licorice Root) One of the most widely documented herbs across ancient Greek, Chinese, Ayurvedic, and Middle Eastern traditions, licorice root was historically used to support throat comfort and ease of breathing, and appears in classical texts dating back thousands of years. Researchers have extensively studied *Glycyrrhiza glabra* for its effects on mucosal tissue and the body's natural inflammatory response, with botanical literature investigating how its primary compound, glycyrrhizin, interacts with respiratory and immune-related pathways.

Verbascum thapsus (Mullein Leaf) Mullein has a long history of use in European and North American herbal traditions, where it was historically prepared as a tea or smoke to support lung comfort and ease of expectoration. Researchers have studied *Verbascum thapsus* for its effects on respiratory mucosa and airway comfort, and botanical literature has examined how compounds in the leaf interact with tissue lining the respiratory tract.

Cordyceps sinensis (Dong Chong Xia Cao) A prized fungus in traditional Chinese medicine, Cordyceps has been historically prepared for centuries — particularly in Tibetan and high-altitude traditions — as a tonic associated with endurance, respiratory ease, and overall vitality. Researchers have studied *Cordyceps sinensis* for its effects on oxygen utilization and respiratory function, and peer-reviewed literature has examined how its bioactive compounds interact with lung tissue and the body's natural energy-producing pathways.

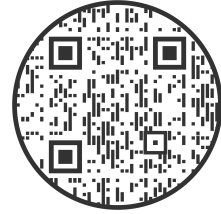
Ocimum sanctum (Holy Basil / Tulsi) Considered sacred in Ayurvedic tradition, Tulsi has been cultivated and prepared in South Asian households for thousands of years, where it was historically used to support respiratory comfort, clarity of breath, and general wellbeing. Researchers have studied *Ocimum sanctum* for its effects on the body's natural inflammatory and immune-modulating pathways, with botanical literature exploring how its phytochemicals interact with respiratory and microbial processes.

These statements have not been evaluated by the Food and Drug Administration. This product is not intended to diagnose, treat, cure, or prevent any disease.



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Zingiber officinale (Ginger) Ginger has one of the longest continuous records of use in the herbal world, appearing in Chinese, Ayurvedic, and Arabic traditions for thousands of years, where it was historically prepared to support digestive warmth, chest comfort, and ease of breathing. Researchers have extensively studied *Zingiber officinale* for its effects on inflammatory signaling pathways and mucosal secretion, and peer-reviewed literature has examined how its active compounds — particularly gingerols and shogaols — interact with respiratory and circulatory tissue.

Cinnamomum spp. (Cinnamon) Cinnamon has been traded and used medicinally since antiquity, appearing in ancient Egyptian, Chinese, and Ayurvedic texts where it was historically prepared to support warmth, circulation, and respiratory ease. Researchers have studied *Cinnamomum* species for their effects on inflammatory pathways and microbial processes, with botanical literature examining how compounds such as cinnamaldehyde interact with the body's natural immune and respiratory responses.

- **Highly bio-available due to heat and hydro-alcohol reflux extraction**
- **Organic**, Non-GMO, Gluten free
- Extracted with **Maui-grown organic sugarcane alcohol** and deep ocean mineral water

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